

Year 2 – Autumn 2

I know the multiplication and division facts for the 2 times table.

$2 \times 1 = 2$	2 ÷ 2 = 1
$2 \times 2 = 4$	$4 \div 2 = 2$
$2 \times 3 = 6$	$6 \div 2 = 3$
$2 \times 4 = 8$	8 ÷ 2 = 4
$2 \times 5 = 10$	$10 \div 2 = 5$
$2 \times 6 = 12$	$12 \div 2 = 6$
$2 \times 7 = 14$	$14 \div 2 = 7$
2 × 8 = 16	16 ÷ 2 = 8
$2 \times 9 = 18$	$18 \div 2 = 9$
$2 \times 10 = 20$	20 ÷ 2 = 10
$2 \times 11 = 22$	22 ÷ 2 = 11
$2 \times 12 = 24$	24 ÷ 2 = 12

Key Vocabulary

What is 2 multiplied by 7?

What is 2 times 9?

What is 12 divided by 2?

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions e.g. $2 \times \bigcirc = 8$ or $\bigcirc \div 2 = 6$.

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising **little** and **often**. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

<u>Songs and Chants</u> – You can buy Times Tables CDs or find multiplication songs and chants online. If your child creates their own song, this can make the times tables even more memorable.

<u>Use what you already know</u> – If your child knows that $2 \times 5 = 10$, they can use this fact to work out that $2 \times 6 = 12$.

<u>Test the Parent</u> – Your child can make up their own tricky division questions for you e.g. What is 18 divided by 2? They need to be able to multiply to create these questions. <u>Use memory tricks</u> – For those hard-to-remember facts, www.multiplication.com has some strange picture stories to help children remember.